

Kiko Technology Agricultural Trial Report on Spinach Vegetable – PR China

Updated 03 January 2014

| Date | October to November 2013 | | | |
|-----------------|---|---|--|--|
| Location | Huang-Jiang County, Dongguan City, Guangdong Province, China | | | |
| Subject | Spinach vegetable | | | |
| Conducted By | Mr G.K Chung of Grace Resources Limited (HK) | | | |
| Objectives | To observe the effects of Kiko Technology impacting the growth & shelf life of spinach vegetable. | | | |
| , | a) Normal Spinach : Takes 38 to 40 days to harvest in one cycle | | | |
| | b) Kiko treated spinach : Takes 30 to 32 days to harvest in one cycle | | | |
| | with variation i | tion plots each measured 1.1 M x 17 M (22 SqM) was deployed in the tri n positioning, irrigation practices & cultivation techniques. | | |
| | with variation i | n positioning, irrigation practices & cultivation techniques. Positioning, irrigation practices & cultivation techniques | | |
| Procedures | with variation i | n positioning, irrigation practices & cultivation techniques. | | |
| Procedures | with variation i | n positioning, irrigation practices & cultivation techniques. Positioning, irrigation practices & cultivation techniques Irrigated by normal river water – positioned 30 M away from Kiko | | |
| Procedures | with variation in Replication Control A | Positioning, irrigation practices & cultivation techniques. Positioning, irrigation practices & cultivation techniques Irrigated by normal river water – positioned 30 M away from Kiko plots | | |





A) On 30th days harvest observation - 15 Nov 13 (see photo below) :



Results

| Replication | Harvest observation | |
|---|--|--|
| Control A (by normal river water/30M away from Kiko) - on left in blue ribbon | Roots appeared slightly red, size 15 % smaller than Kiko plot B | |
| Kiko B (by mixture of Kiko & normal river water) - center in pink ribbon | Roots appeared slightly red, size 15% larger, 20% heavier than Control A | |
| Kiko C (by Kiko energized water + one Tritan cartridge) - on right in black strap | Roots appeared to be very red, size 15% larger, 20% heavier than Control A. The over red coloring of roots indicated it can be harvested by 3 to 4 days earlier. | |

B) On 31st days harvest observation - 16 Nov 13 (see photo below) :



| Replication | Harvest observation | | |
|---|--|--|--|
| Control D (by normal river water/100M away from Kiko) – on left in yellow ribbon | Roots appeared over red however this replicate was at its 43rd days, i.e. planted 12 days before Kiko plots, size comparatively much smaller | | |
| Kiko B (by mixture of Kiko & normal river water) - center in pink ribbon | On time harvested on 31th days, size, 30% larger, 30% heavier than Control D | | |
| Kiko C (by Kiko energized water + one Tritan cartridge) - on right in black strap | Roots appeared over red, indicated it can be harvested 3 to 4 days earlier, size 30% larger, 30% heavier than Control D. | | |

C) One week (from 16 o 23 Nov 13) shelf life comparison in covered, open air conditions:



| Replication | | Harvest observation | | |
|----------------------------|---|--|--|--|
| Control D (by normal river | | Both leaves & stems were badly dehydrated, shrunk | | |
| water/10 | 00M away from Kiko) | very much in size | | |
| – on righ | nt in yellow ribbon | | | |
| water + | (by Kiko energized one Tritan cartridge) without ribbon | Drying of leaves in much slower pace, stems still appeared fresh | | |

Conclusion of trial observations

- 1) Kiko water can energized the growth of plants, enhances its absorption of far infrared, better root uptakes of soil nutrients, improves photosynthesis, thence increase yield (weight) to as much as 30% in each cycle, with improved shelf life.
- 2) Kiko energized water molecules can carry the energy from one to another, even plants located 30 M away can easily respond to Kiko energy to enhance its growth.
- 3) Kiko energized water can deliver even better effects, besides speeding up plant growth with enhanced yield per cycle, it can achieve additional planting cycles implying more income to the farmers in each year.

Follow Up Analysis & Commercial Implication Usual vegetable cultivation practices in China:

- Farmers in China stagger their vegetable planting in bid to harvest once every 2 to 3 days. On average, about 9 to 10 back to back rolling rotations in one year.
- Upon harvest, they will immediately start planting again with new seeds.

Projection of positive kiko effects impacting Spinach production on per "Mu" (667 SqM) basis against Control farm (irrigated with normal river water only & minimum 100M away from Kiko):

| | Control plot | Kiko treated plot |
|--|---|--|
| Yield of each 1.1 M x 1.7 M (22 SqM) plot in one cycle | 70 to 75 Kg (in 38 to 40 days cycle) | 90 Kg (in 30 to 32 days cycle) |
| Project yield of one "Mu" (22 SqM x 33.3) plot in one cycle @ 1 "Mu" = 667 SqM | 2,497 Kg | 2,997 Kg (can harvest 8 days earlier) |
| Project extra yield per "Mu" per cycle | N.A. | + 500Kg |
| Project extra income per "Mu" per cycle FGP@RMB 2.0 (US\$ 0.32) /Kg | N.A. | + RMB 1,000 (US\$ 161) |
| Exchange @ 1 US\$ = RMB 6.2 | | |
| Project yield per "Mu" per every 4 cycles (152-160 days) | 2,497 Kg x 4 cycles = 11,988 Kg | 2,997 Kg x 5 cycles (can plant one more cycle @ 30-32 days x 5) = 14,985 Kg |
| Project extra yield per "Mu" per every 4 cycles | N.A. | + 2,997 Kg |
| Project extra Income per "Mu" per every 4 cycles FGP@RMB 2.0 (US\$ 0.32) /Kg | N.A. | + RMB 5,994 (US\$ 967) |
| Maximum planting cycles per Year (360 days) | 9 cycles | 11 cycles or more |
| Project yield per "Mu" per year | 2,497 x 9 = 22,473 Kg | 2,997 x 11 = 32,967 Kg |
| Project extra yield per "Mu" per year | N.A. | + 10,494 Kg |
| Project income per "Mu" per year @RMB 2.0 /Kg | RMB 44,946 (US\$ 7,249) | RMB 65,934 (US\$ 10,635) |
| Project extra income per "Mu" per year | N.A. | + RMB 20,988 (US\$ 3,385) |
| Project extra income per Ha per year (10,000 SqM) @ 1 Ha = 15 "Mu" | N.A. | + RMB 314,820 (USD 50,775) |